

p103. 3A. answer 4.2

$$(*) (D^3 - 9D^2 + 27D - 27)y = 0.$$

$$\lambda^3 - 9\lambda^2 + 27\lambda - 27 = (\lambda - 3)^3 = 0, \quad \lambda = 3$$

$$\therefore y_h = e^{3x} (C_1 + C_2 x + C_3 x^2)$$

$$r(x) = 10e^{-5x}, \quad y_p = Ae^{-5x}.$$

$$y_p' = -5Ae^{-5x}, \quad y_p'' = 25Ae^{-5x}, \quad y_p''' = -125Ae^{-5x}.$$

$$(*) : (-125A - 225A - 135A - 27A)e^{-5x} = 10e^{-5x}.$$

$$A = \frac{-10}{512} = \frac{-5}{256} \quad \therefore y = e^{3x} (C_1 + C_2 x + C_3 x^2) - \frac{5}{256} e^{-5x}$$

$$y' = 3e^{3x} (C_1 + C_2 x + C_3 x^2) + e^{3x} (C_2 + 2C_3 x) + \frac{25}{256} e^{-5x}$$

$$= e^{3x} (3C_1 + C_2 + (3C_2 + 2C_3)x + 3C_3 x^2) + \frac{25}{256} e^{-5x}$$

$$y'' = 3e^{3x} (3C_1 + C_2 + (3C_2 + 2C_3)x + 3C_3 x^2)$$

$$+ e^{3x} (3C_2 + 2C_3 + 6C_3 x) - \frac{125}{256} e^{-5x}.$$

$$y(0) = C_1 - \frac{5}{256} = 0, \quad C_1 = \frac{5}{256}.$$

$$y'(0) = 3C_1 + C_2 + \frac{25}{256} = \frac{40}{256} + C_2 = 1, \quad C_2 = \frac{216}{256} = \frac{27}{32}$$

$$y''(0) = 9C_1 + 6C_2 + 2C_3 - \frac{125}{256} = 9C_1 + 6C_2 + 2C_3 - \frac{125}{256} = 0.$$

$$\frac{45}{256} + \frac{162}{32} + 2C_3 = \frac{125}{256}, \quad C_3 = -\frac{19}{8}.$$

$$\therefore y = e^{3x} \left(\frac{5}{256} + \frac{27}{32} x - \frac{19}{8} x^2 \right) - \frac{5}{256} e^{-5x}.$$